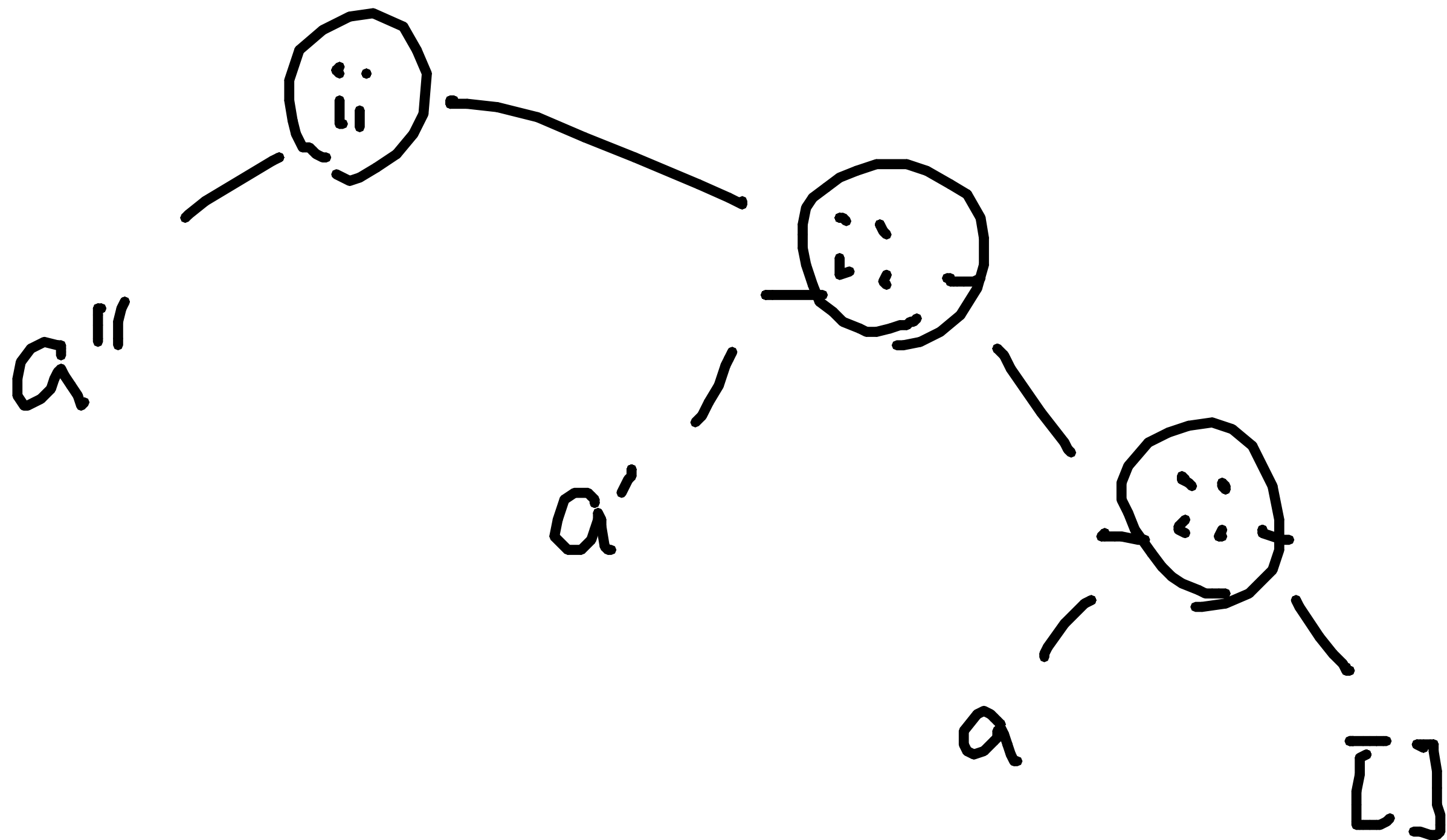


data List (A: Set) : Set where

[] : List A

\_: A → List A → List A



# $\lambda$ -calculus

$\lambda x.$

lambda  
abstraction

$x$

variable

$t \ u$

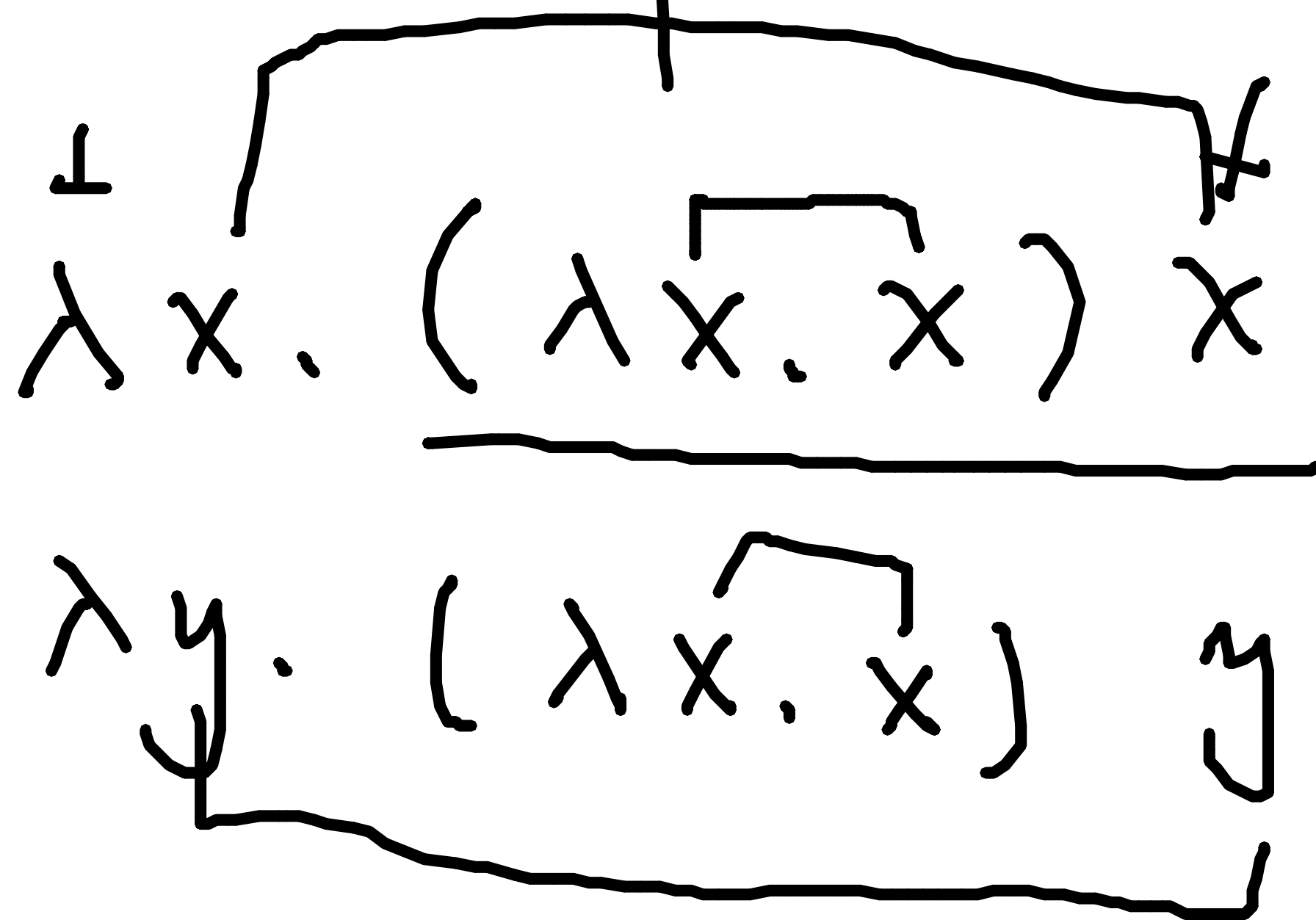
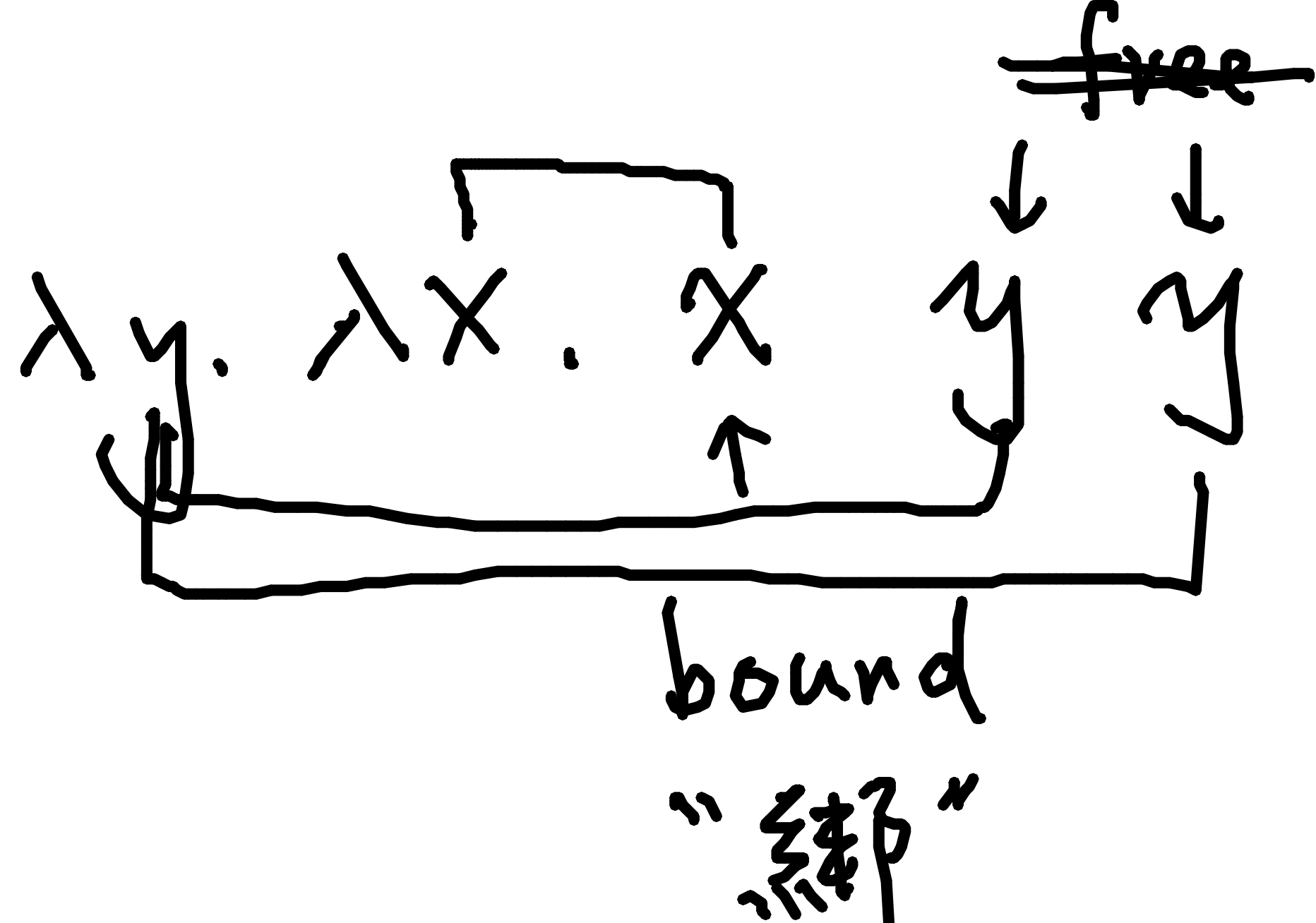
application

$(\lambda x. \lambda y. y x x)$      $(\lambda z. z)$

$\alpha$ -conversion

$(\lambda w. w)$

free / bound occurrences of variables



$\alpha$ -equivalence:

$t, u$   $\alpha$ -equiv

$t \rightarrow_{\alpha}^* u$

$\Pi [x:A] B x$

$\Pi [y:A] B y$

$\beta$  - reduction

$(\lambda x. t) u$

$t[u/x]$  : replace all free occurrences of  $x$  in  $t$  with  $u$

$(\lambda x. (\lambda y. x)) y$   
                    <sup>free</sup>  
                    ↓    ↓  
                    x    x

$\xrightarrow{\beta}$   $\lambda y. y$

$\xrightarrow{\beta} (\lambda x. (\lambda z. x)) y \xrightarrow{\beta} \lambda z. y$

capture avoidance

$$\lambda \underline{x} . \underline{x}$$

$$\lambda y . y$$

$$\lambda . 0$$

$$\lambda x . \lambda y . x$$

$$\lambda (\lambda 1)$$

de Bruijn indices

$$\lambda . (\lambda (\lambda (\lambda \equiv 3)))$$

# Church encoding

$$0 := \lambda s. \lambda z. z$$

$$1 := \lambda s. \lambda z. s z$$

$$2 := \lambda s. \lambda z. s (s z)$$

$$n := \lambda s. \lambda z. \underbrace{s (s \dots (s z))}_n$$

plus  $\overline{m} \quad \overline{n} \quad \rightarrow \quad \overline{m+n}$

$$(\lambda x. \underbrace{xx}_{A \rightarrow B})^{A \rightarrow B} (\lambda y. yy)$$

$$\rightarrow_B (\lambda y. yy) = (\lambda y. yy)$$

$\rightarrow_B \dots$

$$A = A \rightarrow B ??$$

$$\frac{\overline{A \vdash A} \text{ (assum)}}{\vdash A \rightarrow A} \text{ (}\rightarrow\text{I)}$$

$\lambda x. x$



$$\frac{\overline{A \rightarrow B, A \vdash A \rightarrow B} \text{ (assum)}}{\quad} \quad \frac{\overline{\vdash A} \text{ (assum)}}{\quad}$$

$$A \rightarrow B, A \vdash B \quad (\rightarrow E)$$

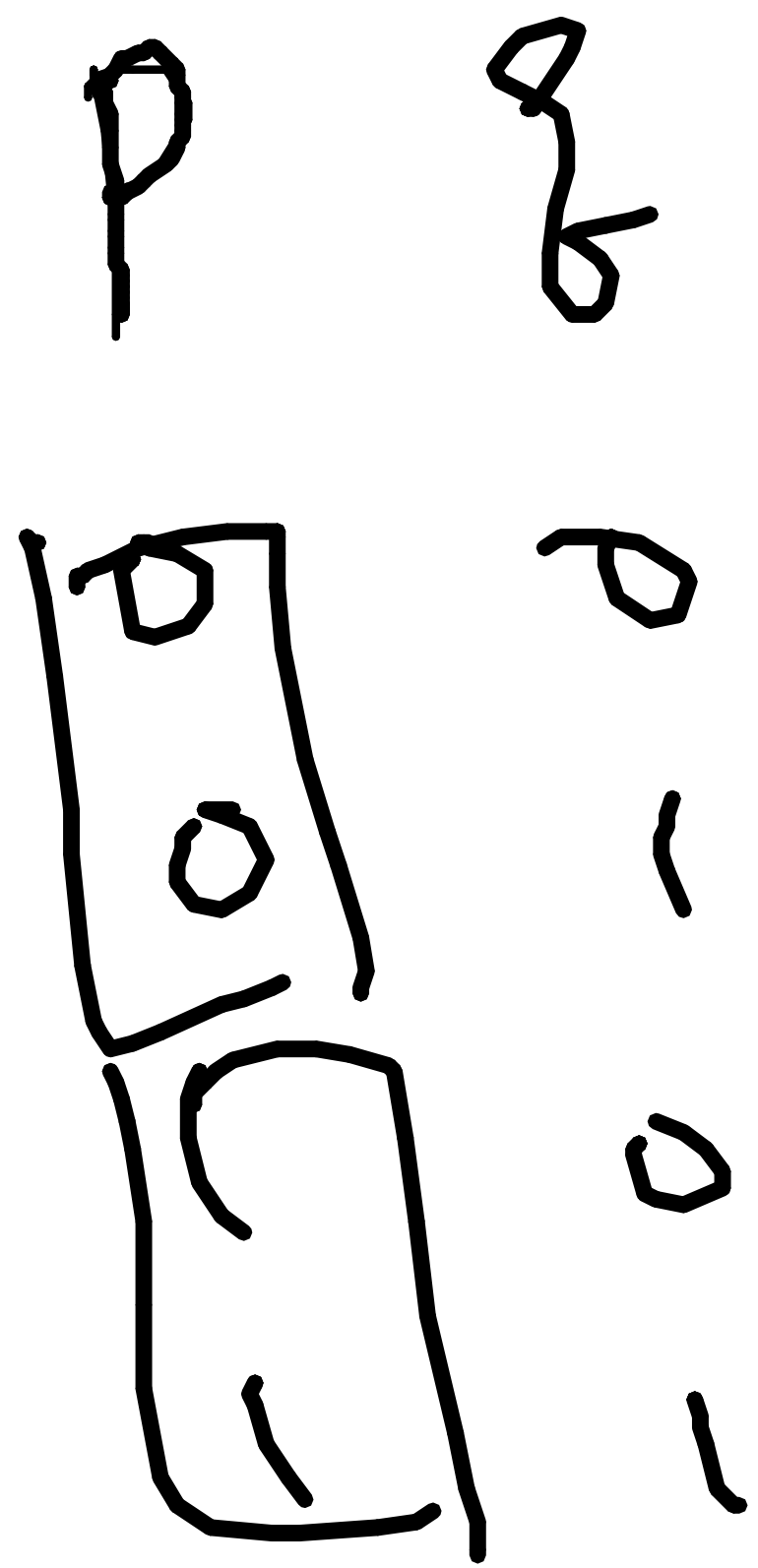
$$\frac{\overline{A \rightarrow B \vdash A \rightarrow B}}{\quad} \quad (\rightarrow I)$$

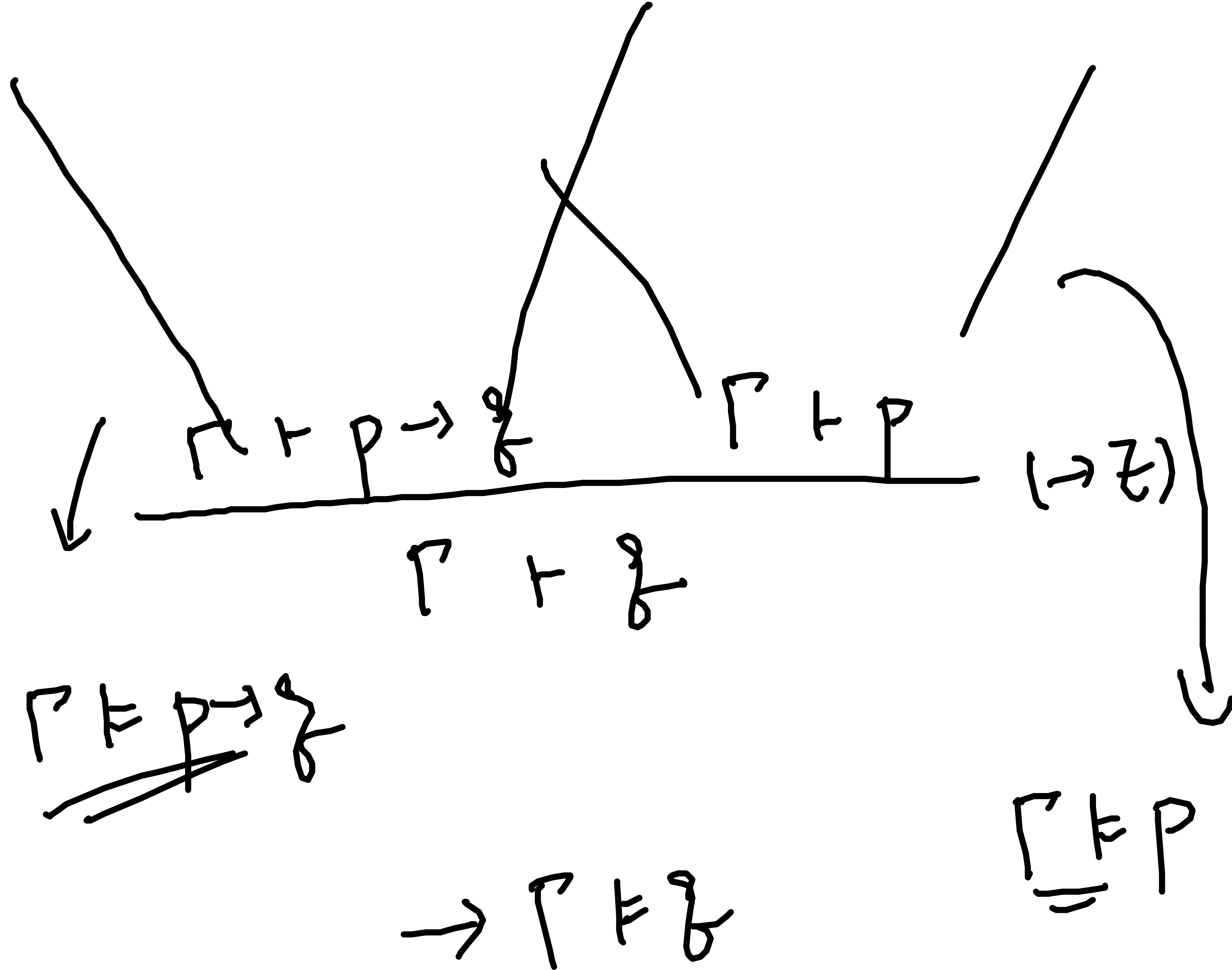
$$\overline{\vdash (A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow A \rightarrow B} \quad (\rightarrow I)$$

$$\vdash (A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow A \rightarrow B$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\lambda x. \lambda y. \underline{x} \cdot y$$





$$V \rightarrow \cancel{B} \{ S \subseteq \mathbb{R} \mid S \text{ open} \} =: \mathbb{O}$$

$$\llbracket \_ \rrbracket : \text{PROP} \rightarrow (V \rightarrow \mathbb{O}) \rightarrow \mathbb{O}$$

$$\llbracket \text{atom } x \rrbracket \sigma = \sigma \ x \quad \text{P is true}$$

$$\llbracket P \rightarrow Q \rrbracket \sigma = \llbracket P \rrbracket \sigma \cup \llbracket Q \rrbracket \sigma = \llbracket P \rrbracket \sigma$$

$$\llbracket \perp \rrbracket \sigma = \emptyset$$

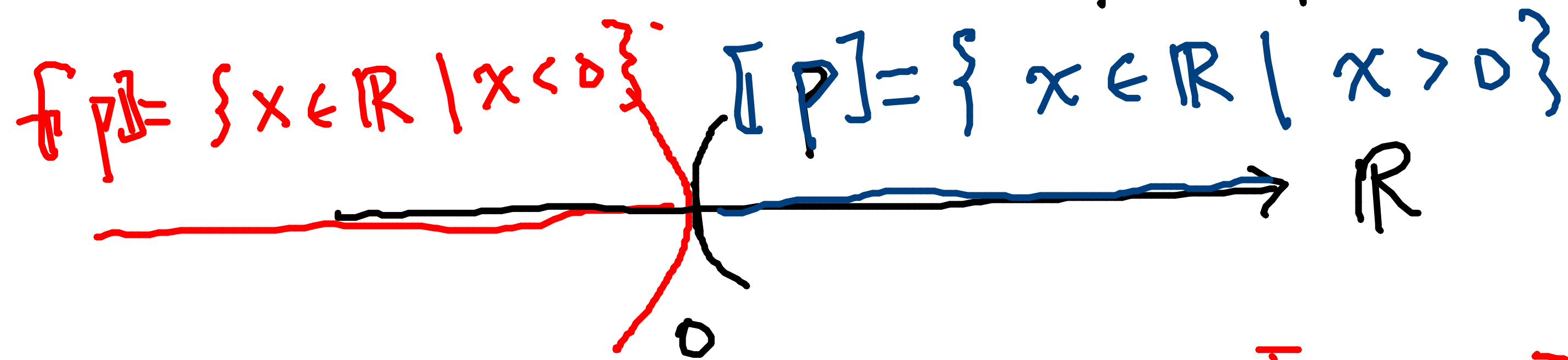
$$\llbracket P \vee Q \rrbracket \sigma = \llbracket P \rrbracket \sigma \cup \llbracket Q \rrbracket \sigma$$

$p \vee \neg p$  is valid

$$= \forall \sigma : V \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}. \models p \vee \neg p \rfloor \sigma = \mathbb{R}$$

$p \wedge \neg p$  is not valid

$$\Leftarrow \exists \sigma : V \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}. \not\models p \wedge \neg p \rfloor \sigma \neq \mathbb{R}$$



$$\models \neg p \rfloor \sigma = \models p \rightarrow \perp \rfloor \sigma$$

$$\models p \vee \neg p \rfloor \sigma$$

$$= \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \neq 0\} \neq \mathbb{R}$$

$$= \overline{\models p \rfloor \sigma} \cup \cancel{\models \perp \rfloor \sigma} \rightarrow \emptyset$$

