

# Introduction to Logical Relations

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FLOLAC 2024  
Taipei, Taiwan

# Simply-Typed Lambda Calculus

$A ::= 1 \mid A \rightarrow B \mid A \times B$

$e ::= () \mid (e, e) \mid \pi_i(e) \mid \lambda x. e \mid e e \mid x$

$v ::= () \mid (v, v) \mid \lambda x. e$

$\Gamma ::= \cdot \mid \Gamma, x : A$

$\boxed{\Gamma \vdash e : A}$

Typing

$\boxed{e \rightsquigarrow e'}$

Reduction

# Typing

$$\frac{x : A \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x : A}$$

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash () : 1}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : A_2}{\Gamma \vdash (e_1, e_2) : A_1 \times A_2}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : A_1 \times A_2}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1(e) : A_1}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash e : B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. e : A \rightarrow B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : A}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

# Evaluation

$$(\lambda x.e) \vee \rightsquigarrow [\nu/x]e$$

$$\Pi; (\nu_1, \nu_2) \rightsquigarrow \nu_1;$$

$$p_1 \rightsquigarrow e'_1$$

$$e_2 \rightsquigarrow e'_2$$

$$e_1 e_2 \rightsquigarrow e'_1 e'_2$$

$$V e_2 \rightsquigarrow V e'_2$$

$$p_1 \rightsquigarrow e'_1$$

$$e_2 \rightsquigarrow e'_2$$

$$(e_1, e_2) \rightsquigarrow (e'_1, e'_2)$$

$$(V, e_2) \rightsquigarrow (V, e'_2)$$

# Evaluation

$$(\lambda x.e) \vee \rightsquigarrow [\nu/x]e$$

$$\Pi; (\nu_1, \nu_2) \rightsquigarrow \nu_1;$$

$$P_1 \rightsquigarrow e'_1$$

$$e_2 \rightsquigarrow e'_2$$

$$e_1 e_2 \rightsquigarrow e'_1 e'_2$$

$$V e_2 \rightsquigarrow V e'_2$$

$$P_1 \rightsquigarrow e'_1$$

$$e_2 \rightsquigarrow e'_2$$

$$(e_1, e_2) \rightsquigarrow (e'_1, e'_2)$$

$$(V, e_2) \rightsquigarrow (V, e'_2)$$

Note that  
evaluation  
is deterministic

# Type Safety

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Progress

If  $\vdash e : A$  then  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$  or  $e$  value

Preservation

If  $\vdash e : A$  and  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$  then  $\vdash e' : A$

# Termination

If  $e : A$  then  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

# Termination

If  $\cdot : A$  then  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

We CANNOT prove  
this by induction

# Termination

---

If  $\cdot \vdash e : A$  then  $e \sim^* \checkmark$

Case 
$$\frac{\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \cdot \vdash e_2 : B}{\cdot \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

# Termination

---

If  $\cdot \vdash e : A$  then  $e \sim^* \checkmark$

Case 
$$\frac{\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \cdot \vdash e_2 : B}{\cdot \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

i.  $\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$

Subderivation

# Termination

If  $\cdot \vdash e : A$  then  $e \sim^* \checkmark$

Case 
$$\frac{\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \cdot \vdash e_2 : B}{\cdot \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$

Subderivation

2.  $\cdot \vdash e_2 : A$

Subderivation

# Termination

If  $\cdot \vdash e : A$  then  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

Case 
$$\frac{\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \cdot \vdash e_2 : B}{\cdot \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$
2.  $\cdot \vdash e_2 : A$
3.  $e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark_1$

Subderivation  
Subderivation  
Induction

# Termination

If  $\cdot \vdash e : A$  then  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

Case 
$$\frac{\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \cdot \vdash e_2 : B}{\cdot \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$
2.  $\cdot \vdash e_2 : A$
3.  $e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$
4.  $\cdot \vdash v_1 : A \rightarrow B$

Subderivation  
Subderivation  
Induction  
Type Safety

# Termination

If  $\cdot \vdash e : A$  then  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

Case 
$$\frac{\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \cdot \vdash e_2 : B}{\cdot \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$  Subderivation
2.  $\cdot \vdash e_2 : A$  Subderivation
3.  $e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$  Induction
4.  $\cdot \vdash v_1 : A \rightarrow B$  Type Safety
5.  $v_1 = \lambda x. e$  Inversion

# Termination

If  $\cdot \vdash e : A$  then  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

Case 
$$\frac{\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \cdot \vdash e_2 : B}{\cdot \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

- |    |                                      |               |
|----|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| 1. | $\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$ | Subderivation |
| 2. | $\cdot \vdash e_2 : A$               | Subderivation |
| 3. | $e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$         | Induction     |
| 4. | $\cdot \vdash v_1 : A \rightarrow B$ | Type Safety   |
| 5. | $v_1 = \lambda x. e$                 | Inversion     |
| 6. | $x : A \vdash e : B$                 | Inversion     |

# Termination

If  $\cdot \vdash e : A$  then  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

Case 
$$\frac{\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \cdot \vdash e_2 : B}{\cdot \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$
2.  $\cdot \vdash e_2 : A$
3.  $e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$
4.  $\cdot \vdash v_1 : A \rightarrow B$
5.  $v_1 = \lambda x. e$
6.  $x : A \vdash e : B$
7.  $e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2$

Subderivation  
Subderivation  
Induction  
Type Safety  
Inversion  
Inversion  
Induction

# Termination

If  $\cdot \vdash e : A$  then  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

Case 
$$\frac{\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \cdot \vdash e_2 : B}{\cdot \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$  Subderivation
2.  $\cdot \vdash e_2 : A$  Subderivation
3.  $e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$  Induction
4.  $\cdot \vdash v_1 : A \rightarrow B$  Type Safety
5.  $v_1 = \lambda x. e$  Inversion
6.  $x : A \vdash e : B$  Inversion
7.  $e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2$  Induction
8.  $\cdot \vdash v_2 : A$  Type Safety

# Termination

If  $\cdot \vdash e : A$  then  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

Case 
$$\frac{\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \cdot \vdash e_2 : B}{\cdot \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$  Subderivation
2.  $\cdot \vdash e_2 : A$  Subderivation
3.  $e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$  Induction
4.  $\cdot \vdash v_1 : A \rightarrow B$  Type Safety
5.  $v_1 = \lambda x. e$  Inversion
6.  $x : A \vdash e : B$  Inversion
7.  $e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2$  Induction
8.  $\cdot \vdash v_2 : A$  Type Safety
9.  $\cdot \vdash [v_2/x]e : B$  Substitution

# Termination

If  $\cdot \vdash e : A$  then  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

Case 
$$\frac{\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \cdot \vdash e_2 : B}{\cdot \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$  Subderivation
2.  $\cdot \vdash e_2 : A$  Subderivation
3.  $e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$  Induction
4.  $\cdot \vdash v_1 : A \rightarrow B$  Type Safety
5.  $v_1 = \lambda x. e$  Inversion
6.  $x : A \vdash e : B$  Inversion
7.  $e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2$  Induction
8.  $\cdot \vdash v_2 : A$  Type Safety
9.  $\cdot \vdash [v_2/x]e : B$  Substitution
10.  $[v_2/x]e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

# Termination

If  $\cdot \vdash e : A$  then  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

Case 
$$\frac{\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \cdot \vdash e_2 : B}{\cdot \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$  Subderivation
2.  $\cdot \vdash e_2 : A$  Subderivation
3.  $e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$  Induction
4.  $\cdot \vdash v_1 : A \rightarrow B$  Type Safety
5.  $v_1 = \lambda x. e$  Inversion
6.  $x : A \vdash e : B$  Inversion
7.  $e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2$  Induction
8.  $\cdot \vdash v_2 : A$  Type Safety
9.  $\cdot \vdash [v_2/x]e : B$  Substitution
10.  $[v_2/x]e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$  NOT BY INDUCTION

# Termination

If  $\cdot \vdash e : A$  then  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

Case 
$$\frac{\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \cdot \vdash e_2 : B}{\cdot \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$

Subderivation

2.  $\cdot \vdash e_2 : A$

Subderivation

3.  $e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$

Induction

4.  $\cdot \vdash v_1 : A \rightarrow B$

Type Safety

5.  $v_1 = \lambda x. e$

Inversion

6.  $x : A \vdash e : B$

Inversion

7.  $e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2$

Induction

8.  $\cdot \vdash v_2 : A$

Type Safety

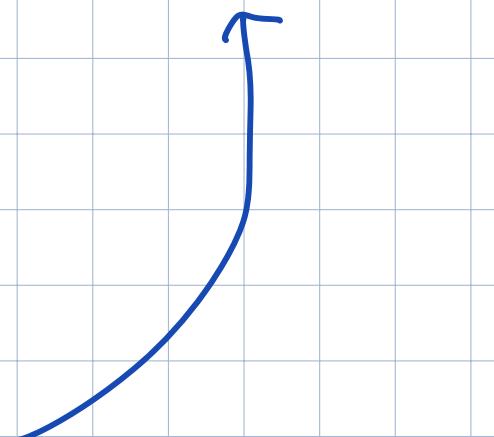
9.  $\cdot \vdash [v_2/x]e : B$

Substitution

10.  $[v_2/x]e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

NOT BY INDUCTION

1.  $[v_2/x]e$   
is not a  
subterm  
of  $e_1 e_2$ !



# Termination

If  $\cdot \vdash e : A$  then  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

Case 
$$\frac{\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \cdot \vdash e_2 : B}{\cdot \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\cdot \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$
2.  $\cdot \vdash e_2 : A$
3.  $e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$
4.  $\cdot \vdash v_1 : A \rightarrow B$
5.  $v_1 = \lambda x. e$
6.  $x : A \vdash e : B$
7.  $e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2$
8.  $\cdot \vdash v_2 : A$
9.  $\cdot \vdash [v_2/x]e : B$
10.  $[v_2/x]e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

Subderivation  
Subderivation  
Induction  
Type Safety  
Inversion  
Inversion  
Induction  
Type Safety  
Substitution

NOT BY INDUCTION

1.  $[v_2/x]e$   
is not a  
subterm  
of  $e_1, e_2$ !  
  
2. We know  
nothing  
about  $e$ !



# Termination

- knowing  $e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* \lambda x.e$   
doesn't tell us anything about  
 $[v/x]e$
- We need to know applying  $v$  to  
 $\lambda x.e$  terminates!

# Defining a Logical Relation

We will define a type-indexed family of sets of terms

$$V_1 = \{()\}$$

$$V_{A \times B} = \{ (v_1, v_2) \mid v_1 \in V_A \text{ and } v_2 \in V_B \}$$

$$V_{A \rightarrow B} = \{ v \mid \forall v' \in V_A . \quad v v' \in E_B \}$$

$$E_A = \{ e \mid e \sim^* v \text{ and } v \in V_A \}$$

# Defining a Logical Relation

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$$E_A = \{ e \mid e \sim^* v \text{ and } v \in V_A \}$$

} one set  
 $V_A$  for  
each  $A$

} one set  
 $E_A$  for  
each  $A$

$$\mathcal{E}_1 = \{e \mid e \rightsquigarrow^* v, v \in V_1\}$$

$$= \{e \mid e \rightsquigarrow^* ()\}$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{1 \rightarrow 1} = \{e \mid e \rightsquigarrow^* f \text{ and } f \in V_{1 \rightarrow 1}\}$$

$$= \{e \mid e \rightsquigarrow^* f \text{ and } \forall v' \in V_1. f_{v'} \in \mathcal{E}_1\}$$

$$= \{e \mid e \rightsquigarrow^* f \text{ and } f() \in \mathcal{E}_1\}$$

$$= \{e \mid e \rightsquigarrow^* f \text{ and } f() \rightsquigarrow^* ()\}$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{(1 \rightarrow 1) \rightarrow 1}$$

# Properties

---

I. for all A.  $V_A \subseteq \mathcal{E}_A$

# Properties

I. for all  $A$ .  $V_A \subseteq \mathcal{E}_A$

Proof:  $\mathcal{E}_A = \{e \mid e \rightsquigarrow^* v \wedge v \in V_A\}$

Since  $v \rightsquigarrow^* v$  in 0 steps,

if  $v \in V_A$  then  $v \in \mathcal{E}_A$

# Properties: Closure

---

If  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$  then  $e \in E_A$  iff  $e' \in E_A$

# Properties: Closure

---

If  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$  then  $e \in \mathcal{E}_A$  iff  $e' \in \mathcal{E}_A$

Proof : Assume  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$

# Properties: Closure

---

If  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$  then  $e \in \ell_A$  iff  $e' \in \ell_A$

Proof : Assume  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$

$\Leftarrow$  : Assume  $e' \in \ell_A$

# Properties: Closure

If  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$  then  $e \in \mathcal{E}_A$  iff  $e' \in \mathcal{E}_A$

Proof : Assume  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$

$\Leftarrow$  : Assume  $e' \in \mathcal{E}_A$

$$\mathcal{E}_A = \{e \mid e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark, v \in V_A\}$$

# Properties: Closure

If  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$  then  $e \in \mathcal{E}_A$  iff  $e' \in \mathcal{E}_A$

Proof : Assume  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$

$\Leftarrow$  : Assume  $e' \in \mathcal{E}_A$

$$\mathcal{E}_A = \{e \mid e \rightsquigarrow^* v, v \in V_A\}$$

Hence  $e' \rightsquigarrow^* v$  and  $v \in V_A$

# Properties: Closure

If  $e \sim e'$  then  $e \in \mathcal{E}_A$  iff  $e' \in \mathcal{E}_A$

Proof : Assume  $e \sim e'$

$\Leftarrow$  : Assume  $e' \in \mathcal{E}_A$

$$\mathcal{E}_A = \{e \mid e \sim^* v, v \in V_A\}$$

Hence  $e' \sim^* v$  and  $v \in V_A$

Since  $e \sim e'$  and  $e' \sim^* v$ ,  $e \sim^* v$

# Properties: Closure

If  $e \sim e'$  then  $e \in \mathcal{E}_A$  iff  $e' \in \mathcal{E}_A$

Proof : Assume  $e \sim e'$

$\Leftarrow$  : Assume  $e' \in \mathcal{E}_A$

$$\mathcal{E}_A = \{e \mid e \sim^* v, v \in V_A\}$$

Hence  $e' \sim^* v$  and  $v \in V_A$

Since  $e \sim e'$  and  $e' \sim^* v$ ,  $e \sim^* v$

So  $e \sim^* v$  and  $v \in V_A$

# Properties: Closure

If  $e \sim e'$  then  $e \in E_A$  iff  $e' \in E_A$

Proof : Assume  $e \sim e'$

$\Leftarrow$  : Assume  $e' \in E_A$

$$E_A = \{e \mid e \sim^* v, v \in V_A\}$$

Hence  $e' \sim^* v$  and  $v \in V_A$

Since  $e \sim e'$  and  $e' \sim^* v$ ,  $e \sim^* v$

So  $e \sim^* v$  and  $v \in V_A$

So  $e \in E_A$

# Properties: Closure

---

If  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$  then  $e \in E_A$  iff  $e' \in E_A$

Proof : Assume  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$

# Properties: Closure

If  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$  then  $e \in \mathcal{E}_A$  iff  $e' \in \mathcal{E}_A$

Proof : Assume  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$

$\Rightarrow$  : Assume  $e \in \mathcal{E}_A$   $\mathcal{E}_A = \{e \mid e \rightsquigarrow^* v, v \in V_A\}$

# Properties: Closure

If  $e \sim e'$  then  $e \in E_A$  iff  $e' \in E_A$

Proof : Assume  $e \sim e'$

$\Rightarrow$  : Assume  $e \in E_A$   $E_A = \{e \mid e \sim^* v, v \in V_A\}$

Hence  $e \sim^* v$  and  $v \in V_A$

# Properties: Closure

If  $e \sim e'$  then  $e \in E_A$  iff  $e' \in E_A$

Proof : Assume  $e \sim e'$

$\Rightarrow$  : Assume  $e \in E_A$   $E_A = \{e \mid e \sim^* v, v \in V_A\}$

Hence  $e \sim^* v$  and  $v \in V_A$

Note  $e \sim e'$  and  $e \sim^* v$

# Properties: Closure

If  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$  then  $e \in \mathcal{E}_A$  iff  $e' \in \mathcal{E}_A$

Proof : Assume  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$

$\Rightarrow$  : Assume  $e \in \mathcal{E}_A$   $\mathcal{E}_A = \{e \mid e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark, v \in V_A\}$

Hence  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$  and  $v \in V_A$

Note  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$  and  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

Since evaluation is deterministic ,  $e' \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

# Properties: Closure

If  $e \sim e'$  then  $e \in \mathcal{E}_A$  iff  $e' \in \mathcal{E}_A$

Proof : Assume  $e \sim e'$

$\Rightarrow$  : Assume  $e \in \mathcal{E}_A$   $\mathcal{E}_A = \{e \mid e \sim^* \checkmark, \checkmark \in V_A\}$

Hence  $e \sim^* \checkmark$  and  $\checkmark \in V_A$

Note  $e \sim e'$  and  $e \sim^* \checkmark$

Since evaluation is deterministic ,  $e' \sim^* \checkmark$

So  $e' \sim^* \checkmark$  and  $\checkmark \in V_A$

# Properties: Closure

If  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$  then  $e \in E_A$  iff  $e' \in E_A$

Proof : Assume  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$

$\Rightarrow$  : Assume  $e \in E_A$   $E_A = \{e \mid e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark, \checkmark \in V_A\}$

Hence  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$  and  $\checkmark \in V_A$

Note  $e \rightsquigarrow e'$  and  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

Since evaluation is deterministic ,  $e' \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

So  $e' \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$  and  $\checkmark \in V_A$

So  $e' \in E_A$

# Fundamental Lemma

Define  $V_\Gamma$  as follows:

$$V_0 = \{ [] \}$$

$$V_{(\Gamma, x:A)} = \{ (\gamma, v/x) \mid \gamma \in V_\Gamma \text{ and } v \in V_A \}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma &= x: A, y: A \rightarrow A, z: A \times A \\ V_\Gamma &= \left\{ \left( \frac{v_1/x}{x}, \frac{v_2/y}{y}, \frac{v_3/z}{z} \right) \mid \begin{array}{l} v_1 \in V_A, v_2 \in V_{A \rightarrow A} \\ v_3 \in V_{A \times A} \end{array} \right\}. \end{aligned}$$

# Fundamental Lemma

Define  $V_\Gamma$  as follows:

$$V_\cdot = \{ [] \}$$

$$V_{(\Gamma, x : A)} = \{ (\gamma, v/x) \mid \gamma \in V_\Gamma \text{ and } v \in V_A \}$$

Fundamental Lemma:

If  $\Gamma \vdash e : A$  and  $\gamma \in V_\Gamma$  then  $[\gamma]e \in E_A$

# Fundamental Lemma

Define  $V_\Gamma$  as follows:

$$V_\cdot = \{ [] \}$$

$$V_{(\Gamma, x:A)} = \{ (\gamma, v/x) \mid \gamma \in V_\Gamma \text{ and } v \in V_A \}$$

Fundamental Lemma:

If  $\Gamma \vdash e : A$  and  $\gamma \in V_\Gamma$  then  $[\gamma]e \in E_A$

Proof: By induction on  $\Gamma \vdash e : A$

# Proof

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Case

$$\frac{x : A \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x : A}$$

$$\gamma \in V_{\Gamma}$$

By assumption

$$\gamma(x) \in V_A$$

By definition of  $V_{\Gamma}$

$$\gamma(x) \in E_A$$

Since  $V_A \subseteq E_A$

$$[\gamma]x \in E_A$$

By definition of  $[\gamma]e$

# Proof

---

Case

$$\Gamma \vdash () : 1$$

$$() \in V_1$$

By definition of  $V_1$

$$() \in E_1$$

Since  $V_1 \subseteq E_1$

# Proof

---

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash (e_1, e_2) : A \times B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$

Assumption

2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A$

Subderivation

3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : B$

Subderivation

# Proof

---

Case	$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash (e_1, e_2) : A \times B}$
1.	$\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.	Assumption
3.	Subderivation
4.	Subderivation
	Induction on (1), (2)

# Proof

---

Case	$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash (e_1, e_2) : A \times B}$
1.	$\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.	$\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A$
3.	$\Gamma \vdash e_2 : B$
4.	$[\delta] e_1 \in E_A$
5.	$[\delta] e_2 \in E_B$

Assumption

Subderivation

Subderivation

Induction on (1), (2)

Induction on (1), (3)

# Proof

---

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash (e_1, e_2) : A \times B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : B$
4.  $[\tau] e_1 \in E_A$
5.  $[\tau] e_2 \in E_B$
6.  $[\tau] e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$

Assumption

Subderivation

Subderivation

Induction on (1), (2)

Induction on (1), (3)

# Proof

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Case	$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash (e_1, e_2) : A \times B}$
1.	$\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.	Assumption
2.	$\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A$
3.	Subderivation
3.	$\Gamma \vdash e_2 : B$
4.	Subderivation
4.	$[\tau] e_1 \in \mathcal{E}_A$
5.	Induction on (1), (2)
5.	$[\tau] e_2 \in \mathcal{E}_B$
6.	Induction on (1), (3)
6.	$[\tau] e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$
7.	Definition of $\mathcal{E}_A$
7.	$v_1 \in V_A$

# Proof

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Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash (e_1, e_2) : A \times B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : B$
4.  $[\tau]e_1 \in \mathcal{E}_A$
5.  $[\tau]e_2 \in \mathcal{E}_B$
6.  $[\tau]e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$
7.  $v_1 \in V_A$
8.  $[\tau]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2$

Assumption  
Subderivation  
Subderivation  
Induction on (1), (2)  
Induction on (1), (3)  
Definition of  $\mathcal{E}_A$

# Proof

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Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash (e_1, e_2) : A \times B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : B$
4.  $[\tau] e_1 \in \mathcal{E}_A$
5.  $[\tau] e_2 \in \mathcal{E}_B$
6.  $[\tau] e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$
7.  $v_1 \in V_A$
8.  $[\tau] e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2$
9.  $v_2 \in V_B$

Assumption  
Subderivation  
Subderivation  
Induction on (1), (2)  
Induction on (1), (3)  
Definition of  $\mathcal{E}_A$   
Definition of  $\mathcal{E}_B$

# Proof

Case	$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash (e_1, e_2) : A \times B}$
1. $r \in V_r$	Assumption
2. $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A$	Subderivation
3. $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : B$	Subderivation
4. $[r]e_1 \in \mathcal{E}_A$	Induction on (1), (2)
5. $[r]e_2 \in \mathcal{E}_B$	Induction on (1), (3)
6. $[r]e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$	
7. $v_1 \in V_A$	Definition of $\mathcal{E}_A$
8. $[r]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2$	
9. $v_2 \in V_B$	Definition of $\mathcal{E}_B$
10. $([r]e_1, [r]e_2) \rightsquigarrow^* (v_1, [r]e_2)$	Reduction rules on (6)

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash (e_1, e_2) : A \times B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : B$
4.  $[\tau]e_1 \in \mathcal{E}_A$
5.  $[\tau]e_2 \in \mathcal{E}_B$
6.  $[\tau]e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$
7.  $v_1 \in V_A$
8.  $[\tau]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2$
9.  $v_2 \in V_B$
10.  $([\tau]e_1, [\tau]e_2) \rightsquigarrow^* (v_1, [\tau]e_2)$
11.  $(v_1, [\tau]e_2) \rightsquigarrow^* (v_1, v_2)$

Assumption  
Subderivation  
Subderivation  
Induction on (1), (2)  
Induction on (1), (3)

Definition of  $\mathcal{E}_A$

Definition of  $\mathcal{E}_B$   
Reduction rules on (6)  
Reduction rules on (8)

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash (e_1, e_2) : A \times B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : B$
4.  $[\tau]e_1 \in \mathcal{E}_A$
5.  $[\tau]e_2 \in \mathcal{E}_B$
6.  $[\tau]e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$
7.  $v_1 \in V_A$
8.  $[\tau]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2$
9.  $v_2 \in V_B$
10.  $([\tau]e_1, [\tau]e_2) \rightsquigarrow^* (v_1, [\tau]e_2)$
11.  $(v_1, [\tau]e_2) \rightsquigarrow^* (v_1, v_2)$
12.  $([\tau]e_1, [\tau]e_2) \rightsquigarrow^* (v_1, v_2)$

Assumption

Subderivation

Subderivation

Induction on (1), (2)

Induction on (1), (3)

Definition of  $\mathcal{E}_A$

Definition of  $\mathcal{E}_B$

Reduction rules on (6)

Reduction rules on (8)

Transitivity of  $\rightsquigarrow^*$  on (10), (11)

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash (e_1, e_2) : A \times B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : B$
4.  $[\tau]e_1 \in \mathcal{E}_A$
5.  $[\tau]e_2 \in \mathcal{E}_B$
6.  $[\tau]e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$
7.  $v_1 \in V_A$
8.  $[\tau]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2$
9.  $v_2 \in V_B$
10.  $([\tau]e_1, [\tau]e_2) \rightsquigarrow^* (v_1, [\tau]e_2)$
11.  $(v_1, [\tau]e_2) \rightsquigarrow^* (v_1, v_2)$
12.  $([\tau]e_1, [\tau]e_2) \rightsquigarrow^* (v_1, v_2)$
13.  $[\tau](e_1, e_2) \rightsquigarrow^* (v_1, v_2)$

Assumption  
Subderivation  
Subderivation  
Induction on (1), (2)  
Induction on (1), (3)

Definition of  $\mathcal{E}_A$

Definition of  $\mathcal{E}_B$   
Reduction rules on (6)  
Reduction rules on (8)  
Transitivity of  $\rightsquigarrow^*$  on (10), (11)  
Definition of  $[\tau]e$  on (12)

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash (e_1, e_2) : A \times B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : B$
4.  $[\tau]e_1, e_2 \in \mathcal{E}_A$
5.  $[\tau]e_2 \in \mathcal{E}_B$
6.  $[\tau]e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1$

Assumption

Subderivation

Subderivation

Induction on (1), (2)

Induction on (1), (3)

7.  $v_1 \in V_A$
8.  $[\tau]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2$

Definition of  $\mathcal{E}_A$

9.  $v_2 \in V_B$
10.  $([\tau]e_1, [\tau]e_2) \rightsquigarrow^* (v_1, [\tau]e_2)$

Definition of  $\mathcal{E}_B$

Reduction rules on (6)

11.  $(v_1, [\tau]e_2) \rightsquigarrow^* (v_1, v_2)$

Reduction rules on (8)

12.  $([\tau]e_1, [\tau]e_2) \rightsquigarrow^* (v_1, v_2)$

Transitivity of  $\rightsquigarrow^*$  on (10), (11)

13.  $[\tau](e_1, e_2) \rightsquigarrow^* (v_1, v_2)$

Definition of  $[\tau]e$  on (12)

14.  $(v_1, v_2) \in V_{A \times B}$

Definition of  $V_{A \times B}$

15.  $[\tau](e_1, e_2) \in \mathcal{E}_{A \times B}$

Definition of  $\mathcal{E}_{A \times B}$

# Proof

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Case

$$\frac{\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.e : A \rightarrow B}$$

- 0.  $\Gamma, x:A \vdash e: B$
- 1.  $\gamma \in V_\Gamma$

Subderivation  
Assumption

# Proof

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Case  $\frac{\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.e : A \rightarrow B}$

0.  $\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B$  Subderivation  
1.  $\gamma \in V_\Gamma$  Assumption  
2.  $[\gamma] \lambda x.e = \lambda x. [\gamma]e$  Definition

# Proof

---

Case  $\frac{\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.e : A \rightarrow B}$

0.  $\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B$  Subderivation

1.  $\gamma \in V_\Gamma$  Assumption

2.  $[\gamma] \lambda x.e = \lambda x. [\gamma]e$  Definition

WTS:  $\lambda x.[\gamma]e \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$

# Proof

---

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.e : A \rightarrow B}$$

0.  $\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B$

Subderivation

1.  $\gamma \in V_\Gamma$

Assumption

2.  $[\gamma] \lambda x.e = \lambda x. [\gamma]e$

Definition

WTS:  $\lambda x. [\gamma]e \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$

3. Assume  $v \in V_A$

# Proof

---

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.e : A \rightarrow B}$$

0.  $\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B$

Subderivation

1.  $\gamma \in V_\Gamma$

Assumption

2.  $[\gamma] \lambda x.e = \lambda x.[\gamma]e$

Definition

WTS:  $\lambda x.[\gamma]e \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$

3. Assume  $v \in V_A$

WTS  $(\lambda x.[\gamma]e)v \in E_B$

# Proof

---

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.e : A \rightarrow B}$$

0.  $\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B$

Subderivation

1.  $\gamma \in V_\Gamma$

Assumption

2.  $[\gamma] \lambda x.e = \lambda x. [\gamma] e$

Definition

WTS:  $\lambda x. [\gamma] e \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$

3. Assume  $v \in V_A$

WTS  $(\lambda x. [\gamma] e) v \in E_B$

4.  $(\lambda x. [\gamma] e) v \rightsquigarrow [\gamma, v/x] e$  Reduction

.

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.e : A \rightarrow B}$$

0.  $\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B$

Subderivation

1.  $\gamma \in V_\Gamma$

Assumption

2.  $[\gamma] \lambda x.e = \lambda x. [\gamma] e$

Definition

WTS:  $\lambda x. [\gamma] e \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$

3. Assume  $v \in V_A$

WTS  $(\lambda x. [\gamma] e) v \in E_B$

4.  $(\lambda x. [\gamma] e) v \rightsquigarrow [\gamma, v/x] e$

Reduction

5.  $[\gamma, v/x] \in V_{\Gamma, x:A}$

Definition of  $V_\Gamma$

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.e : A \rightarrow B}$$

0.  $\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B$

Subderivation

1.  $\gamma \in V_\Gamma$

Assumption

2.  $[\gamma] \lambda x.e = \lambda x. [\gamma] e$

Definition

WTS:  $\lambda x. [\gamma] e \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$

3. Assume  $v \in V_A$

WTS  $(\lambda \bar{x}. [\gamma] e) v \in E_B$

4.  $(\lambda x. [\gamma] e) v \rightsquigarrow [\gamma, v/x] e$

Reduction

5.  $[\gamma, v/x] \in V_{\Gamma, x:A}$

Definition of  $V_\Gamma$

6.  $[\gamma, v/x] e \in E_B$

Induction on (0), (5)

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.e : A \rightarrow B}$$

0.  $\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B$

Subderivation

1.  $\gamma \in V_\Gamma$

Assumption

2.  $[\gamma] \lambda x.e = \lambda x. [\gamma] e$

Definition

WTS:  $\lambda x. [\gamma] e \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$

3. Assume  $v \in V_A$

WTS  $(\lambda x. [\gamma] e) v \in E_B$

4.  $(\lambda x. [\gamma] e) v \rightsquigarrow [\gamma, v/x] e$

Reduction

5.  $[\gamma, v/x] \in V_{\Gamma, x:A}$

Definition of  $V_\Gamma$

6.  $[\gamma, v/x] e \in E_B$

Induction on (0), (5)

7.  $(\lambda x. [\gamma] e) v \in E_B$

Closure on (4), (6)

# Proof

Case	$\frac{\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.e : A \rightarrow B}$
0.	$\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B$ Subderivation
1.	$\gamma \in V_\Gamma$ Assumption
2.	$[\gamma] \lambda x.e = \lambda x. [\gamma] e$ Definition
	WTS: $\lambda x. [\gamma] e \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$
3.	Assume $v \in V_A$
	WTS $(\lambda \bar{x}. [\gamma] e) v \in E_B$
4.	$(\lambda x. [\gamma] e) v \rightsquigarrow [\gamma, v/x] e$ Reduction
5.	$[\gamma, v/x] \in V_{\Gamma, x:A}$ Definition of $V_\Gamma$
6.	$[\gamma, v/x] e \in E_B$ Induction on (0), (5)
7.	$(\lambda x. [\gamma] e) v \in E_B$ Closure on (4), (6)
8.	$\lambda x. [\gamma] e \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$ Definition of $V_{A \rightarrow B}$

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.e : A \rightarrow B}$$

0.  $\Gamma, x:A \vdash e:B$

Subderivation

1.  $\gamma \in V_\Gamma$

Assumption

2.  $[\gamma] \lambda x.e = \lambda x.[\gamma]e$

Definition

WTS:  $\lambda x.[\gamma]e \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$

3. Assume  $v \in V_A$

WTS  $(\lambda \bar{x}.[\gamma]e)v \in E_B$

4.  $(\lambda x.[\gamma]e)v \rightsquigarrow [\gamma, v/x]e$

Reduction

5.  $[\gamma, v/x] \in V_{\Gamma, x:A}$

Definition of  $V_\Gamma$

6.  $[\gamma, v/x]e \in E_B$

Induction on (0), (5)

7.  $(\lambda x.[\gamma]e)v \in E_B$

Closure on (4), (6)

8.  $\lambda x.[\gamma]e \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$

Definition of  $V_{A \rightarrow B}$

9.  $\lambda x.[\gamma]e \in E_{A \rightarrow B}$

$V_{A \rightarrow B} \subseteq E_{A \rightarrow B}$

# Proof

---

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_r$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : A$

Assumption  
Subderivation  
Subderivation

# Proof

---

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : A$
4.  $[\tau] e_1 \in \ell_{A \rightarrow B}$

Assumption

Subderivation

Subderivation

Induction on 1,2

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash e_1, e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : A$
4.  $[\tau] e_1 \in \mathcal{E}_{A \rightarrow B}$
5.  $[\tau] e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, v_1 \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$

Assumption

Subderivation

Subderivation

Induction on 1,2

Def. of  $\mathcal{E}_{A \rightarrow B}$

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : A$
4.  $[\delta] e_1 \in \mathcal{E}_{A \rightarrow B}$
5.  $[\delta] e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, v_1 \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$
6.  $[\delta] e_2 \in \mathcal{E}_A$

Assumption

Subderivation

Subderivation

Induction on 1,2

Def. of  $\mathcal{E}_{A \rightarrow B}$

Induction on 1,3

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : A$
4.  $[\delta] e_1 \in \mathcal{E}_{A \rightarrow B}$
5.  $[\delta] e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, v_1 \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$
6.  $[\delta] e_2 \in \mathcal{E}_A$
7.  $[\delta] e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2, v_2 \in V_A$

Assumption

Subderivation

Subderivation

Induction on 1,2

Def. of  $\mathcal{E}_{A \rightarrow B}$

Induction on 1,3

Def. of  $\mathcal{E}_A$

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : A$
4.  $[\delta] e_1 \in \mathcal{E}_{A \rightarrow B}$
5.  $[\delta] e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, v_1 \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$
6.  $[\delta] e_2 \in \mathcal{E}_A$
7.  $[\delta] e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2, v_2 \in V_A$
8.  $[\delta] e_1 [\delta] e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1 [\delta] e_2$

Assumption

Subderivation

Subderivation

Induction on 1,2

Def. of  $\mathcal{E}_{A \rightarrow B}$

Induction on 1,3

Def. of  $\mathcal{E}_A$

Reduction rules on 5

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : A$
4.  $[\delta]e_1 \in \mathcal{E}_{A \rightarrow B}$
5.  $[\delta]e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, v_1 \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$
6.  $[\delta]e_2 \in \mathcal{E}_A$
7.  $[\delta]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2, v_2 \in V_A$
8.  $[\delta]e_1, [\delta]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, [\delta]e_2$
9.  $v_1, [\delta]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, v_2$

Assumption

Subderivation

Subderivation

Induction on 1,2

Def. of  $\mathcal{E}_{A \rightarrow B}$

Induction on 1,3

Def. of  $\mathcal{E}_A$

Reduction rules on 5

Reduction rules on 7

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : A$
4.  $[\tau]e_1 \in E_{A \rightarrow B}$
5.  $[\tau]e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, v_1 \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$
6.  $[\tau]e_2 \in E_A$
7.  $[\tau]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2, v_2 \in V_A$
8.  $[\tau]e_1, [\tau]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, [\tau]e_2$
9.  $v_1, [\tau]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, v_2$
10.  $v_1, v_2 \in E_B$

Assumption

Subderivation

Subderivation

Induction on 1,2

Def. of  $E_{A \rightarrow B}$

Induction on 1,3

Def. of  $E_A$

Reduction rules on 5

Reduction rules on 7

Def of  $V_{A \rightarrow B}$

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : A$
4.  $[\tau]e_1 \in E_{A \rightarrow B}$
5.  $[\tau]e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, v_1 \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$
6.  $[\tau]e_2 \in E_A$
7.  $[\tau]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2, v_2 \in V_A$
8.  $[\tau]e_1, [\tau]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, [\tau]e_2$
9.  $v_1, [\tau]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, v_2$
10.  $v_1, v_2 \in E_B$
11.  $[\tau]e_1, [\tau]e_2 \in E_B$

Assumption

Subderivation

Subderivation

Induction on 1,2

Def. of  $E_{A \rightarrow B}$

Induction on 1,3

Def. of  $E_A$

Reduction rules on 5

Reduction rules on 7

Def of  $V_{A \rightarrow B}$

Closure x2

# Proof

Case

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : B}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : B}$$

1.  $\tau \in V_\Gamma$
2.  $\Gamma \vdash e_1 : A \rightarrow B$
3.  $\Gamma \vdash e_2 : A$
4.  $[\tau]e_1 \in \mathcal{E}_{A \rightarrow B}$
5.  $[\tau]e_1 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, v_1 \in V_{A \rightarrow B}$
6.  $[\tau]e_2 \in \mathcal{E}_A$
7.  $[\tau]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_2, v_2 \in V_A$
8.  $[\tau]e_1, [\tau]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, [\tau]e_2$
9.  $v_1, [\tau]e_2 \rightsquigarrow^* v_1, v_2$
10.  $v_1, v_2 \in V_B$
11.  $[\tau]e_1, [\tau]e_2 \in \mathcal{E}_B$
12.  $[\tau](e_1, e_2) \in \mathcal{E}_B$

Assumption

Subderivation

Subderivation

Induction on 1,2

Def. of  $\mathcal{E}_{A \rightarrow B}$

Induction on 1,3

Def. of  $\mathcal{E}_A$

Reduction rules on 5

Reduction rules on 7

Def of  $V_{A \rightarrow B}$

Closure x2

Def. of  $[\tau]$

# Termination

If  $\cdot \vdash e : A$  then  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$

Proof:

1.  $[] \in V$ . Definition

2.  $[e] \in \mathcal{E}_A$  Fundamental Lemma

3.  $e \in \mathcal{E}_A$  Definition of  $[e]$

4.  $e \rightsquigarrow^* \checkmark$  Definition of  $\mathcal{E}_A$